

Logic and Modelling

– Natural Deduction for Predicate Logic —

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Introduction of Existential Quantification

$$\frac{\phi [t/x]}{\exists x \phi} \exists_i$$

Introduction of Existential Quantification

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Condition for application of this rule: t free for x in ϕ .

Natural Deduction: Quantifiers

Introduction of Existential Quantification

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$$\vdash R(a, a) \rightarrow \exists x R(x, x)$$

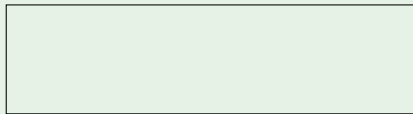
Natural Deduction: Quantifiers

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Condition for application of this rule: t free for x in ϕ .

$\vdash R(a, a) \rightarrow \exists x R(x, x)$

1

$R(a, a)$

assumption

Natural Deduction: Quantifiers

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$$\frac{\phi [t/x]}{\exists x \phi} \exists_i$$

Condition for application of this rule: t free for x in ϕ .

$\vdash R(a, a) \rightarrow \exists x R(x, x)$

| | | |
|---|---------------------|---------------|
| 1 | $R(a, a)$ | assumption |
| 2 | $\exists x R(x, x)$ | \exists_i 1 |

For line 2: $R(a, a) = R(x, x)[a/x]$

Natural Deduction: Quantifiers

Introduction of Existential Quantification

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Condition for application of this rule: t free for x in ϕ .

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| | | |
|---|---|---------------------|
| 1 | $R(a, a)$ | assumption |
| 2 | $\exists x R(x, x)$ | \exists_i 1 |
| 3 | $R(a, a) \rightarrow \exists x R(x, x)$ | \rightarrow_i 1-2 |

For line 2: $R(a, a) = R(x, x)[a/x]$

Elimination of Universal Quantification

$$\frac{\forall x \phi}{\phi [t/x]} \quad \forall_e$$

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Elimination of Universal Quantification

$$\frac{\forall x \phi}{\phi [t/x]} \quad \forall_e$$

Condition for application of this rule: t free for x in ϕ .

$$\forall x P(x) \vdash \exists x P(x)$$

Natural Deduction: Quantifiers

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$$\frac{\forall x \phi}{\phi [t/x]} \quad \forall_e$$

Condition for application of this rule: t free for x in ϕ .

$\forall x P(x) \vdash \exists x P(x)$

1

$\forall x P(x)$

premise

Natural Deduction: Quantifiers

Elimination of Universal Quantification

$$\frac{\forall x \phi}{\phi [t/x]} \quad \forall_e$$

Condition for application of this rule: t free for x in ϕ .

$\forall x P(x) \vdash \exists x P(x)$

1 $\forall x P(x)$ premise

2 $P(z)$ \forall_e 1

For line 2 : $P(z) = P(x)[z/x]$

Natural Deduction: Quantifiers

Elimination of Universal Quantification

$$\frac{\forall x \phi}{\phi [t/x]} \quad \forall_e$$

Condition for application of this rule: t free for x in ϕ .

$\forall x P(x) \vdash \exists x P(x)$

| | | |
|---|------------------|---------------|
| 1 | $\forall x P(x)$ | premise |
| 2 | $P(z)$ | \forall_e 1 |
| 3 | $\exists x P(x)$ | \exists_i 2 |

For line 2, 3: $P(z) = P(x)[z/x]$

Examples

$R(a, a) \vdash \exists x \exists y R(x, y)$

Examples

$R(a, a) \vdash \exists x \exists y R(x, y)$

| | | |
|---|-----------|---------|
| 1 | $R(a, a)$ | premise |
|---|-----------|---------|

Examples

$R(a, a) \vdash \exists x \exists y R(x, y)$

1 $R(a, a)$ premise

2 $\exists y R(a, y)$ \exists_i 1

For line 2: $R(a, a) = R(a, y)[a/y]$

Examples

$R(a, a) \vdash \exists x \exists y R(x, y)$

1 $R(a, a)$ premise

2 $\exists y R(a, y)$ \exists_i 1

3 $\exists x \exists y R(x, y)$ \exists_i 2

For line 2: $R(a, a) = R(a, y)[a/y]$

For line 3: $\exists y R(a, y) = \exists y R(x, y)[a/x]$

Examples

$R(a, a) \vdash \exists x \exists y R(x, y)$

1 $R(a, a)$ premise

2 $\exists y R(a, y)$ \exists_i 1

3 $\exists x \exists y R(x, y)$ \exists_i 2

For line 2: $R(a, a) = R(a, y)[a/y]$

For line 3: $\exists y R(a, y) = \exists y R(x, y)[a/x]$

$\forall x \forall y R(x, y) \vdash \exists x \forall y R(x, y)$

Examples

$R(a, a) \vdash \exists x \exists y R(x, y)$

1 $R(a, a)$ premise

2 $\exists y R(a, y)$ $\exists_i 1$

3 $\exists x \exists y R(x, y)$ $\exists_i 2$

For line 2: $R(a, a) = R(a, y)[a/y]$

For line 3: $\exists y R(a, y) = \exists y R(x, y)[a/x]$

$\forall x \forall y R(x, y) \vdash \exists x \forall y R(x, y)$

1 $\forall x \forall y R(x, y)$ premise

Examples

$R(a, a) \vdash \exists x \exists y R(x, y)$

| | | |
|---|-------------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | $R(a, a)$ | premise |
| 2 | $\exists y R(a, y)$ | $\exists_i 1$ |
| 3 | $\exists x \exists y R(x, y)$ | $\exists_i 2$ |

For line 2: $R(a, a) = R(a, y)[a/y]$

For line 3: $\exists y R(a, y) = \exists y R(x, y)[a/x]$

$\forall x \forall y R(x, y) \vdash \exists x \forall y R(x, y)$

| | | |
|---|-------------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | $\forall x \forall y R(x, y)$ | premise |
| 2 | $\forall y R(z, y)$ | $\forall_e 1$ |

For line 2 : $\forall y R(x, y) = \forall y R(x, y)[z/x]$

Examples

$R(a, a) \vdash \exists x \exists y R(x, y)$

| | | |
|---|-------------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | $R(a, a)$ | premise |
| 2 | $\exists y R(a, y)$ | $\exists_i 1$ |
| 3 | $\exists x \exists y R(x, y)$ | $\exists_i 2$ |

For line 2: $R(a, a) = R(a, y)[a/y]$

For line 3: $\exists y R(a, y) = \exists y R(x, y)[a/x]$

$\forall x \forall y R(x, y) \vdash \exists x \forall y R(x, y)$

| | | |
|---|-------------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | $\forall x \forall y R(x, y)$ | premise |
| 2 | $\forall y R(z, y)$ | $\forall_e 1$ |
| 3 | $\exists x \forall y R(x, y)$ | $\exists_i 2$ |

For line 2, 3: $\forall y R(x, y) = \forall y R(x, y)[z/x]$

The Condition

$$\frac{\phi [t/x]}{\exists x \phi} \quad \exists_i$$

$$\frac{\forall x \phi}{\phi [t/x]} \quad \forall_e$$

Is the following derivation correct?

- | | | |
|---|---|---------------------|
| 1 | $\forall x \exists y R(x, y)$ | premise |
| 2 | $\exists y R(y, y)$ | \forall_e 1 |
| 3 | $\forall x \exists y R(x, y) \rightarrow \exists y R(y, y)$ | \rightarrow_i 1–2 |

The Condition

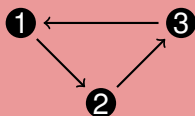
$$\frac{\phi [t/x]}{\exists x \phi} \exists_i$$

$$\frac{\forall x \phi}{\phi [t/x]} \forall_e$$

Is the following derivation correct?

| | | |
|---|---|---------------------|
| 1 | $\forall x \exists y R(x, y)$ | premise |
| 2 | $\exists y R(y, y)$ | \forall_e 1 |
| 3 | $\forall x \exists y R(x, y) \rightarrow \exists y R(y, y)$ | \rightarrow_i 1–2 |

This is clearly a wrong derivation.



This model fulfils $\forall x \exists y R(x, y)$ but not $\exists y R(y, y)$.

The Condition

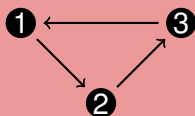
$$\frac{\phi [t/x]}{\exists x \phi} \exists_i$$

$$\frac{\forall x \phi}{\phi [t/x]} \forall_e$$

Is the following derivation correct?

- | | | |
|---|---|------------------------|
| 1 | $\forall x \exists y R(x, y)$ | premise |
| 2 | $\exists y R(y, y)$ | \forall_e 1 (wrong!) |
| 3 | $\forall x \exists y R(x, y) \rightarrow \exists y R(y, y)$ | \rightarrow_i 1–2 |

This is clearly a wrong derivation.



This model fulfils $\forall x \exists y R(x, y)$ but not $\exists y R(y, y)$.

The problem: y is not free for x in $\exists y R(x, y)$!

Natural Deduction: Quantifiers

Introduction of Universal Quantification

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} x_0 \\ \vdots \\ \phi [x_0/x] \end{array}}{\forall x \phi} \quad \forall_i$$

Condition for application of this rule: ' x_0 is arbitrary'.

That is: x_0 occurs only inside the box (in particular not in ϕ)

Natural Deduction: Quantifiers

Introduction of Universal Quantification

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} x_0 \\ \vdots \\ \phi [x_0/x] \end{array}}{\forall x \phi} \quad \forall_i$$

Condition for application of this rule: ' x_0 is arbitrary'.
That is: x_0 occurs only inside the box (in particular not in ϕ)

$\vdash \forall x (P(x) \rightarrow P(x))$

Natural Deduction: Quantifiers

Introduction of Universal Quantification

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} x_0 \\ \vdots \\ \phi [x_0/x] \end{array}}{\forall x \phi} \quad \forall_i$$

Condition for application of this rule: 'x₀ is arbitrary'.
That is: x₀ occurs only inside the box (in particular not in ϕ)

$\vdash \forall x (P(x) \rightarrow P(x))$

$$\boxed{x_0}$$

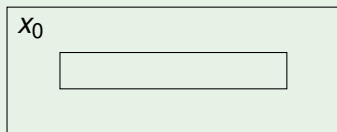
Natural Deduction: Quantifiers

Introduction of Universal Quantification

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} x_0 \\ \vdots \\ \phi [x_0/x] \end{array}}{\forall x \phi} \quad \forall_i$$

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$\vdash \forall x (P(x) \rightarrow P(x))$

1

$$\begin{array}{|l} x_0 \\ \hline \begin{array}{|l} P(x_0) \end{array} \end{array}$$

assumption

Natural Deduction: Quantifiers

Introduction of Universal Quantification

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} x_0 \\ \vdots \\ \phi [x_0/x] \end{array}}{\forall x \phi} \quad \forall_i$$

Condition for application of this rule: ' x_0 is arbitrary'.
That is: x_0 occurs only inside the box (in particular not in ϕ)

$\vdash \forall x (P(x) \rightarrow P(x))$

| | | |
|---|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| | x_0 | |
| 1 | $P(x_0)$ | assumption |
| 2 | $P(x_0) \rightarrow P(x_0)$ | \rightarrow_i 1-1 |

Natural Deduction: Quantifiers

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$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} x_0 \\ \vdots \\ \phi [x_0/x] \end{array}}{\forall x \phi} \quad \forall_i$$

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That is: x_0 occurs only inside the box (in particular not in ϕ)

$\vdash \forall x (P(x) \rightarrow P(x))$

| | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | $P(x_0)$ | assumption |
| 2 | $P(x_0) \rightarrow P(x_0)$ | \rightarrow_i 1-1 |
| 3 | $\forall x (P(x) \rightarrow P(x))$ | \forall_i 1-2 |

Natural Deduction: Quantifiers

Elimination of Existential Quantification

$$\frac{\exists x \phi \quad \boxed{\begin{array}{c} x_0 \\ \phi[x_0/x] \\ \vdots \\ \psi \end{array}}}{\psi} \exists_e$$

Condition: x_0 nowhere outside the box (in particular not in ψ).

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Condition: x_0 nowhere outside the box (in particular not in ψ).

$$\exists x (P(x) \wedge Q(x)) \vdash \exists x P(x)$$

Natural Deduction: Quantifiers

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1 $\exists x (P(x) \wedge Q(x))$ premise

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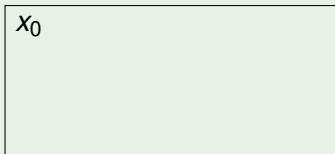
Elimination of Existential Quantification

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Condition: x_0 nowhere outside the box (in particular not in ψ).

$$\exists x (P(x) \wedge Q(x)) \vdash \exists x P(x)$$

| | | |
|---|--|------------|
| 1 | $\exists x (P(x) \wedge Q(x))$ | premise |
| 2 | $\boxed{\begin{array}{c} x_0 \\ P(x_0) \wedge Q(x_0) \end{array}}$ | assumption |

Natural Deduction: Quantifiers

Elimination of Existential Quantification

$$\frac{\exists x \phi \quad \boxed{\begin{array}{c} x_0 \\ \phi[x_0/x] \\ \vdots \\ \psi \end{array}}}{\psi} \exists_e$$

Condition: x_0 nowhere outside the box (in particular not in ψ).

$\exists x (P(x) \wedge Q(x)) \vdash \exists x P(x)$

| | | |
|---|--|--------------|
| 1 | $\exists x (P(x) \wedge Q(x))$ | premise |
| 2 | $\boxed{\begin{array}{c} x_0 \\ P(x_0) \wedge Q(x_0) \end{array}}$ | assumption |
| 3 | $\boxed{P(x_0)}$ | $\wedge_e 2$ |

Natural Deduction: Quantifiers

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$$\frac{\exists x \phi \quad \boxed{\begin{array}{c} x_0 \\ \phi[x_0/x] \\ \vdots \\ \psi \end{array}}}{\psi} \exists_e$$

Condition: x_0 nowhere outside the box (in particular not in ψ).

$\exists x (P(x) \wedge Q(x)) \vdash \exists x P(x)$

| | | |
|---|--|---------------|
| 1 | $\exists x (P(x) \wedge Q(x))$ | premise |
| 2 | $\boxed{\begin{array}{c} x_0 \\ P(x_0) \wedge Q(x_0) \end{array}}$ | assumption |
| 3 | $P(x_0)$ | \wedge_e 2 |
| 4 | $\exists x P(x)$ | \exists_i 3 |

Natural Deduction: Quantifiers

Elimination of Existential Quantification

$$\frac{\exists x \phi \quad \boxed{\begin{array}{c} x_0 \\ \phi[x_0/x] \\ \vdots \\ \psi \end{array}}}{\psi} \exists_e$$

Condition: x_0 nowhere outside the box (in particular not in ψ).

$\exists x (P(x) \wedge Q(x)) \vdash \exists x P(x)$

| | | |
|---|--|--------------------|
| 1 | $\exists x (P(x) \wedge Q(x))$ | premise |
| 2 | $\boxed{\begin{array}{c} x_0 \\ P(x_0) \wedge Q(x_0) \end{array}}$ | assumption |
| 3 | $P(x_0)$ | $\wedge_e 2$ |
| 4 | $\exists x P(x)$ | $\exists_i 3$ |
| 5 | $\exists x P(x)$ | $\exists_e 1, 2-4$ |

Examples

$R(a, b) \vdash \exists x \exists y R(x, y)$

1 $R(a, b)$ premise

2 $\exists y R(a, y)$ $\exists i$ 1

3 $\exists x \exists y R(x, y)$ $\exists i$ 2

Examples

$R(a, b) \vdash \exists x \exists y R(x, y)$

| | | |
|---|-------------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | $R(a, b)$ | premise |
| 2 | $\exists y R(a, y)$ | $\exists i$ 1 |
| 3 | $\exists x \exists y R(x, y)$ | $\exists i$ 2 |

$R(a, a) \vdash \exists x \exists y R(x, y)$

| | | |
|---|-------------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | $R(a, a)$ | premise |
| 2 | $\exists y R(a, y)$ | $\exists i$ 1 |
| 3 | $\exists x \exists y R(x, y)$ | $\exists i$ 2 |

Examples

$R(a, a) \vdash \exists x R(x, x)$

1 $R(a, a)$ premise

2 $\exists x R(x, x)$ $\exists i$ 1

Examples

$R(a, a) \vdash \exists x R(x, x)$

| | | |
|---|---------------------|---------------|
| 1 | $R(a, a)$ | premise |
| 2 | $\exists x R(x, x)$ | $\exists i$ 1 |

$\vdash R(a, a) \rightarrow \exists x R(x, x)$

| | | |
|---|---|---------------------|
| 1 | $R(a, a)$ | assumption |
| 2 | $\exists x R(x, x)$ | $\exists i$ 1 |
| 3 | $R(a, a) \rightarrow \exists x R(x, x)$ | $\rightarrow i$ 1–2 |

Examples

$\forall x A(x) \vdash A(c) \wedge A(d)$

| | | |
|---|--------------------|-----------------|
| 1 | $\forall x A(x)$ | premise |
| 2 | $A(c)$ | $\forall e$ 1 |
| 3 | $A(d)$ | $\forall e$ 1 |
| 4 | $A(c) \wedge A(d)$ | $\wedge i$ 2, 3 |

Examples

$$\forall x (A(x) \wedge B(x)) \vdash \forall x B(x)$$

Theorem ex1 : all x, (A(x) /\ B(x)) -> all x, B(x).

Examples

$\forall x (A(x) \wedge B(x)) \vdash \forall x B(x)$

| | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1 | $\forall x (A(x) \wedge B(x))$ | premise |
| 2 | $A(x_0) \wedge B(x_0)$ | $\forall e$ 1 |
| 3 | $B(x_0)$ | $\wedge e$ 2 |
| 4 | $\forall x B(x)$ | $\forall i$ 1–3 |

Theorem ex1 : all x, (A(x) /\ B(x)) -> all x, B(x).

Examples

$\forall x (A(x) \wedge B(x)) \vdash \forall x B(x)$

| | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1 | $\forall x (A(x) \wedge B(x))$ | premise |
| 2 | $A(x_0) \wedge B(x_0)$ | $\forall e$ 1 |
| 3 | $B(x_0)$ | $\wedge e$ 2 |
| 4 | $\forall x B(x)$ | $\forall i$ 1–3 |

Theorem ex1 : all x, (A(x) /\ B(x)) -> all x, B(x).

Proof.

imp_i H.

all_i x0.

insert HAB (A(x0) /\ B(x0)).

f_all_e H.

f_con_e2 HAB.

Qed.

Examples

$\vdash \forall x (P(x) \rightarrow P(x))$

Theorem ex2 : all x, (P(x) -> P(x)).

Examples

$\vdash \forall x (P(x) \rightarrow P(x))$

| | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| | x_0 | |
| 1 | $P(x_0)$ | assumption |
| 2 | $P(x_0) \rightarrow P(x_0)$ | $\rightarrow i$ 2-2 |
| 3 | $\forall x (P(x) \rightarrow P(x))$ | $\forall i$ 1-3 |

Theorem ex2 : all x , ($P(x) \rightarrow P(x)$).

Examples

$\vdash \forall x (P(x) \rightarrow P(x))$

| | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| | x_0 | |
| 1 | $P(x_0)$ | assumption |
| 2 | $P(x_0) \rightarrow P(x_0)$ | $\rightarrow i$ 2-2 |
| 3 | $\forall x (P(x) \rightarrow P(x))$ | $\forall i$ 1-3 |

Theorem ex2 : all x, (P(x) -> P(x)).

Proof.

all_i x0.

imp_i H.

ass H.

Qed.

Examples (from a final exam)

$$\exists x P(x) \rightarrow Q(c) \vdash \forall x (P(x) \rightarrow Q(c))$$

Theorem ex3 : $(\exists x, P(x) \rightarrow Q(c)) \rightarrow \forall x, (P(x) \rightarrow Q(c))$.

Examples (from a final exam)

$\exists x P(x) \rightarrow Q(c) \vdash \forall x (P(x) \rightarrow Q(c))$

| | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|----------------------|
| 1 | $\exists x P(x) \rightarrow Q(c)$ | premise |
| 2 | y $P(y)$ | assumption |
| 3 | $\exists x P(x)$ | $\exists i$ 2 |
| 4 | $Q(c)$ | $\rightarrow e$ 1, 3 |
| 5 | $P(y) \rightarrow Q(c)$ | $\rightarrow i$ 2–4 |
| 6 | $\forall x (P(x) \rightarrow Q(c))$ | $\forall i$ 1–5 |

Theorem ex3 : $(\exists x, P(x) \rightarrow Q(c)) \rightarrow \forall x, (P(x) \rightarrow Q(c))$.

Examples (from a final exam)

$\exists x P(x) \rightarrow Q(c) \vdash \forall x (P(x) \rightarrow Q(c))$

| | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|----------------------|
| 1 | $\exists x P(x) \rightarrow Q(c)$ | premise |
| 2 | y $P(y)$ | assumption |
| 3 | $\exists x P(x)$ | $\exists i$ 2 |
| 4 | $Q(c)$ | $\rightarrow e$ 1, 3 |
| 5 | $P(y) \rightarrow Q(c)$ | $\rightarrow i$ 2-4 |
| 6 | $\forall x (P(x) \rightarrow Q(c))$ | $\forall i$ 1-5 |

Theorem ex3 : $(\exists x, P(x) \rightarrow Q(c)) \rightarrow \text{all } x, (P(x) \rightarrow Q(c))$.

Proof.

imp_i H.

all_i x0.

imp_i Px0.

insert Hexi ($\exists x, P x$).

f_exi_i Px0.

f_imp_e H Hexi.

Qed.

Examples

$$\forall x (P(x) \rightarrow \neg P(x)) \vdash \forall x \neg P(x)$$

Theorem ex4 : all x , $(P(x) \rightarrow \sim P(x)) \rightarrow$ all x , $\sim P(x)$.

Examples

$\forall x (P(x) \rightarrow \neg P(x)) \vdash \forall x \neg P(x)$

| | | |
|---|--|---------------------|
| 1 | $\forall x (P(x) \rightarrow \neg P(x))$ | premise |
| 2 | x_0 $P(x_0)$ | assumption |
| 3 | $P(x_0) \rightarrow \neg P(x_0)$ | $\forall e$ 1 |
| 4 | $\neg P(x_0)$ | \rightarrow_e 2,3 |
| 5 | \perp | $\neg e$ 2,4 |
| 6 | $\neg P(x_0)$ | $\neg i$ 2-5 |
| 7 | $\forall x \neg P(x)$ | $\forall i$ 2-6 |

Theorem ex4 : all x , $(P(x) \rightarrow \sim P(x)) \rightarrow$ all x , $\sim P(x)$.

Examples

$\forall x (P(x) \rightarrow \neg P(x)) \vdash \forall x \neg P(x)$

| | | |
|---|--|---------------------|
| 1 | $\forall x (P(x) \rightarrow \neg P(x))$ | premise |
| 2 | x_0 $P(x_0)$ | assumption |
| 3 | $P(x_0) \rightarrow \neg P(x_0)$ | $\forall e$ 1 |
| 4 | $\neg P(x_0)$ | \rightarrow_e 2,3 |
| 5 | \perp | $\neg e$ 2,4 |
| 6 | $\neg P(x_0)$ | $\neg i$ 2-5 |
| 7 | $\forall x \neg P(x)$ | $\forall i$ 2-6 |

Theorem ex4 : all x, (P(x) -> ~P(x)) -> all x, ~P(x) .

Proof.

imp_i H. all_i x0. neg_i HPx0.

insert Himp (P(x0) -> ~P(x0)). f_all_e H.

insert HnPx0 (~P(x0)).

f_imp_e Himp HPx0.

f_neg_e HnPx0 HPx0.

Qed.

Examples

$$\neg \exists x \neg A(x) \vdash \forall x A(x)$$

Theorem ex5 : $\sim(\exists x, \sim A(x)) \rightarrow \text{all } x, A(x)$.

Examples

$\neg\exists x \neg A(x) \vdash \forall x A(x)$

| | | |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------|
| 1 | $\neg\exists x \neg A(x)$ | premise |
| 2 | x_0 | |
| 2 | $\neg A(x_0)$ | assumption |
| 3 | $\exists x \neg A(x)$ | \exists_i 2 |
| 4 | \perp | \neg_e 1, 3 |
| 5 | $A(x_0)$ | PBC 2-4 |
| 6 | $\forall x A(x)$ | \forall_i 2-5 |

Theorem ex5 : $\sim(\exists x, \sim A(x)) \rightarrow \text{all } x, A(x)$.

Examples

$\neg\exists x \neg A(x) \vdash \forall x A(x)$

| | | |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------|
| 1 | $\neg\exists x \neg A(x)$ | premise |
| 2 | x_0 | |
| 3 | $\neg A(x_0)$ | assumption |
| 4 | $\exists x \neg A(x)$ | $\exists_i 2$ |
| 5 | \perp | $\neg_e 1, 3$ |
| 6 | $A(x_0)$ | PBC 2-4 |
| | $\forall x A(x)$ | $\forall_i 2-5$ |

Theorem ex5 : $\sim(\exists x, \sim A(x)) \rightarrow \text{all } x, A(x)$.

Proof.

imp_i H.

all_i x0.

PBC HnAx0.

insert H2 ($\exists x, \sim A(x)$).

f_exi_i HnAx0.

f_neg_e H H2.

Qed.

Examples

$$\exists x (P(x) \wedge Q(x)) \vdash \exists x P(x)$$

Theorem ex6 : $\exists x, (P(x) \wedge Q(x)) \rightarrow \exists x, P(x)$.

Examples

$\exists x (P(x) \wedge Q(x)) \vdash \exists x P(x)$

| | | |
|---|---------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | $\exists x (P(x) \wedge Q(x))$ | premise |
| 2 | x_0 $P(x_0) \wedge Q(x_0)$ | assumption |
| 3 | $P(x_0)$ | \wedge_e 2 |
| 4 | $\exists x P(x)$ | \exists_i 3 |
| 5 | $\exists x P(x)$ | \exists_e 1, 2-4 |

Theorem ex6 : $\exists x (P(x) \wedge Q(x)) \rightarrow \exists x P(x)$.

Examples

$\exists x (P(x) \wedge Q(x)) \vdash \exists x P(x)$

| | | |
|---|---------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | $\exists x (P(x) \wedge Q(x))$ | premise |
| 2 | x_0 $P(x_0) \wedge Q(x_0)$ | assumption |
| 3 | $P(x_0)$ | \wedge_e 2 |
| 4 | $\exists x P(x)$ | \exists_i 3 |
| 5 | $\exists x P(x)$ | \exists_e 1, 2-4 |

Theorem ex6 : $\exists x, (P(x) \wedge Q(x)) \rightarrow \exists x, P(x)$.

Proof.

imp_i H.

f_exi_e H y Hy.

insert HPy (P(y)).

f_con_e1 Hy.

f_exi_i HPy.

Qed.

Examples

$$\exists x R(x, x) \vdash \exists x \exists y R(x, y)$$

Theorem ex7 : $\exists x, R(x, x) \rightarrow \exists x, \exists y, R(x, y)$.

Examples

$\exists x R(x, x) \vdash \exists x \exists y R(x, y)$

| | | |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | $\exists x R(x, x)$ | premise |
| 2 | x_0 $R(x_0, x_0)$ | assumption |
| 3 | $\exists y R(x_0, y)$ | \exists_i 2 |
| 4 | $\exists x \exists y R(x, y)$ | \exists_i 3 |
| 5 | $\exists x \exists y R(x, y)$ | \exists_e 1, 2-4 |

Theorem ex7 : $\exists x, R(x, x) \rightarrow \exists x, \exists y, R(x, y)$.

Examples

$\exists x R(x, x) \vdash \exists x \exists y R(x, y)$

| | | |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | $\exists x R(x, x)$ | premise |
| 2 | x_0 $R(x_0, x_0)$ | assumption |
| 3 | $\exists y R(x_0, y)$ | \exists_i 2 |
| 4 | $\exists x \exists y R(x, y)$ | \exists_i 3 |
| 5 | $\exists x \exists y R(x, y)$ | \exists_e 1, 2-4 |

Theorem ex7 : $\text{exi } x, R(x, x) \rightarrow \text{exi } x, \text{exi } y, R(x, y)$.

Proof.

imp_i H.

f_exi_e H z Hz.

insert H2 (exi y, R(z, y)).

f_exi_i Hz.

f_exi_i H2.

Qed.

Examples

$$\forall x A(x) \vdash \neg \exists x \neg A(x)$$

Theorem ex8 : all x , $A(x) \rightarrow \sim(\text{exi } x, \sim A(x))$.

Examples

$\forall x A(x) \vdash \neg \exists x \neg A(x)$

| | | |
|---|----------------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | $\forall x A(x)$ | premise |
| 2 | $\exists x \neg A(x)$ | assumption |
| 3 | x_0 $\neg A(x_0)$ | assumption |
| 4 | $A(x_0)$ | \forall_e 1 |
| 5 | \perp | \neg_e 3,4 |
| 6 | \perp | \exists_e 2, 3-5 |
| 7 | $\neg \exists x \neg A(x)$ | \neg_i 2-6 |

Theorem ex8 : all $x, A(x) \rightarrow \sim(\text{exi } x, \sim A(x))$.

Examples

$\forall x A(x) \vdash \neg \exists x \neg A(x)$

| | | |
|---|----------------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | $\forall x A(x)$ | premise |
| 2 | $\exists x \neg A(x)$ | assumption |
| 3 | x_0 $\neg A(x_0)$ | assumption |
| 4 | $A(x_0)$ | \forall_e 1 |
| 5 | \perp | \neg_e 3,4 |
| 6 | \perp | \exists_e 2, 3-5 |
| 7 | $\neg \exists x \neg A(x)$ | \neg_i 2-6 |

Theorem ex8 : all x, A(x) -> ~(exi x, ~A(x)).

Proof.

imp_i H.

neg_i H2.

f_exi_e H2 y Hny.

insert Hy (A(y)). f_all_e H.

f_neg_e Hny Hy.

Qed.

Examples

$\forall x (P(x) \rightarrow \neg P(x)) \vdash \neg \exists x P(x)$

| | | |
|---|--|---------------------|
| 1 | $\forall x (P(x) \rightarrow \neg P(x))$ | premise |
| 2 | $\exists x P(x)$ | assumption |
| | y | |
| 3 | $P(y)$ | assumption |
| 4 | $P(y) \rightarrow \neg P(y)$ | \forall_e 1 |
| 5 | $\neg P(y)$ | \rightarrow_e 2,3 |
| 6 | \perp | \neg_e 2,4 |
| 7 | \perp | \exists_e 2, 3–6 |
| 8 | $\neg \exists x P(x)$ | \neg_i 2–7 |

Similar to an example we have seen before

$\forall x (P(x) \rightarrow \neg P(x)) \vdash \forall x \neg P(x)$

Examples

$$\exists x \forall y R(x, y) \vdash \forall y \exists x R(x, y)$$

Theorem ex9 : $\text{exi } x, \text{all } y, R(x, y) \rightarrow \text{all } y, \text{exi } x, R(x, y).$

Examples

$\exists x \forall y R(x, y) \vdash \forall y \exists x R(x, y)$

| | | |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | $\exists x \forall y R(x, y)$ | premise |
| | y_0 | |
| | x_0 | |
| 2 | $\forall y R(x_0, y)$ | assumption |
| 3 | $R(x_0, y_0)$ | \forall_e 2 |
| 4 | $\exists x R(x, y_0)$ | \exists_i 4 |
| 5 | $\exists x R(x, y_0)$ | \exists_e 1, 2-4 |
| 6 | $\forall y \exists x R(x, y)$ | \forall_i 2-5 |

Theorem ex9 : $\exists x \forall y, R(x, y) \rightarrow \forall y, \exists x, R(x, y)$.

Examples

$\exists x \forall y R(x, y) \vdash \forall y \exists x R(x, y)$

| | | |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | $\exists x \forall y R(x, y)$ | premise |
| | y_0 | |
| | x_0 | |
| 2 | $\forall y R(x_0, y)$ | assumption |
| 3 | $R(x_0, y_0)$ | \forall_e 2 |
| 4 | $\exists x R(x, y_0)$ | \exists_i 4 |
| 5 | $\exists x R(x, y_0)$ | \exists_e 1, 2-4 |
| 6 | $\forall y \exists x R(x, y)$ | \forall_i 2-5 |

Theorem ex9 : $\exists x, \text{all } y, R(x, y) \rightarrow \text{all } y, \exists x, R(x, y)$.

Proof.

imp_i H. all_i y0.

f_exi_e H x0 Hx0.

insert Rx0y0 (R(x0, y0)).

f_all_e Hx0.

f_exi_i Rx0y0.

Qed.

Examples

$$\forall x (P(x) \vee Q(x)) \vdash \forall x P(x) \vee \exists x Q(x)$$

Examples

$\forall x (P(x) \vee Q(x)) \vdash \forall x P(x) \vee \exists x Q(x)$

| | | |
|----|--|----------------------|
| 1 | $\forall x (P(x) \vee Q(x))$ | premise |
| 2 | $\neg(\forall x P(x) \vee \exists x Q(x))$ | assumption |
| | y | |
| 3 | $P(y) \vee Q(y)$ | \forall_e 1 |
| 4 | $P(y)$ | assumption |
| 5 | $Q(y)$ | assumption |
| 6 | $\exists x Q(x)$ | \exists_i 5 |
| 7 | $\forall x P(x) \vee \exists x Q(x)$ | \vee_{i2} 6 |
| 8 | \perp | \neg_e 2,7 |
| 9 | $P(y)$ | \perp_e 8 |
| 10 | $P(y)$ | \vee_e 3, 4-4, 5-9 |
| 11 | $\forall x P(x)$ | \forall_i 3-10 |
| 12 | $\forall x P(x) \vee \exists x Q(x)$ | \vee_{i1} 11 |
| 13 | \perp | \neg_e 2,12 |
| 14 | $\forall x P(x) \vee \exists x Q(x)$ | PBC 2-13 |

Previous Example in ProofWeb

Theorem ex10 : all x, (P(x) \ / Q(x))
-> (all x, P(x)) \ / (exi x, Q(x)).

Previous Example in ProofWeb

```
Theorem ex10 : all x, (P(x) \ / Q(x))  
  -> (all x, P(x)) \ / (exi x, Q(x)).
```

Proof.

```
imp_i H.
```

```
insert Hor ((exi x, Q x) \ / ~(exi x, Q x)).
```

LEM.

```
f_dis_e Hor He Hne.
```

```
f_dis_i2 He.
```

```
dis_i1.
```

```
all_i x0.
```

```
insert Hx0 (P(x0) \ / Q(x0)).
```

```
f_all_e H.
```

```
f_dis_e Hx0 Px0 Qx0.
```

```
ass Px0.
```

```
insert He (exi x, Q x).
```

```
f_exi_i Qx0.
```

```
fls_e.
```

```
f_neg_e Hne He.
```

```
Qed.
```